Alexandria DAILY Gazette, [illegible] Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] MONDAY, JUNE 25, 1810. [1739.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets,

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. C. Marsteller, V. M

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 150,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to

James Patton,
or
Marsteller & Young.

March 18. d

LANDING THIS DAY,

From on board the ship Almira, and for sale by the subscriber,
30 hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,
59 bags and 3 bls.
PRIME GREEN COFFEE.
Jacob Morgan,
Tucker's wharf.

☞ *Who will give Cash for good W. O. hogshead and barrel STAVES.*

May 1. d

Union College Lottery.

State of the wheel after the 54th day's drawing.

3	prizes of	25,000 dollars each.
1		10,000
2		2,000
2	of	1000 dolls.
15		500
11		200
19		100
48		50
85		20
2749		10

☞ *Total gain of the Wheel* 28390 *dols.*

Present price of tickets 25 dollars.

First drawn number 35th day entitled to 25,000 dollars.

R. Gray.

June 12.

Thirty Dollars Reward

Will be given for apprehending and securing in jail negro SOLOMON, who was seen lurking about the suburbs of Alexandria this morning; he is of low stature, about twenty years old, and had on an old white hat, brown coat and striped pantaloons a good deal worn. It is supposed he is now in town. All persons are hereby forewarned from harboring or carrying off said negro.

Thomas Hunton.

May 3—8. dtf

Joseph H. Mandeville,

HAS JUST RECEIVED & FOR SALE,
20 bales of Cotton.
10 hogsheads 3d and 4th proof good West-India Spirits.
20 do. Sugar, various qualities.
10 tierces New Rice.
5 hogsheads Molasses.
5 do. Copperas.
2 do. Alum.
60 barrels Whiskey and 30 barrels New-England Rum.
20 chests of Imperial, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas.
Port, Madeira, Lisbon, Sherry, Malaga, and Catalonia Wines.
800 barrels of Herrings and Shad.
50 barrels Herrings, put up with particular care and salt-petred.
3600 bushels Liverpool and Lisbon Salt, &c.

July 2. d

NOW LANDING,

From on board the sch'r Jane, capt. Mitchell, and for sale by the subscriber,
10 puncheons 3d and 4th proof Antigua Rum
5 hhds. Molasses
76 barrels prime Muscovado Sugar
10 barrels Turpentine
15 boxes Salad Oil.

Newton Keene.

June 13. d

LANDING,

From on board the Norfolk Packet and for sale by the Subscriber,
7 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar
35 barrels ditto ditto
10 hogsheads retailing Molasses
10 boxes Salad Oil
21 tierces New Rice, and
40 bags Green Coffee.
ALSO IN STORE,
30 hogsheads Sugar, different qualities
3 do. Antigua Rum
15 tierces Rice
47 barrels prime Pork
A few half pipes L. P. Teneriffe Wine
Cotton in bales
Young Hyson and Hyson Tea in chests
5 kegs Cavendish Tobacco, and
100 bolts English Canvas, No. 1, 2 & 3.

Newton Keene.

May 30.

NEW MILITARY WORK.

Just Published and for Sale,
At the Bookstores of R. Gray, and Cottom and Stewart—
PRICE 4 DOLLARS 50 CENTS—

Rules and Regulations for the Field Exercise and Manœuvres of the French Infantry, issued August 1st, 1791; and the Manœuvres added, which have been since adopted by the emperor Napoleon. Also, the Manœuvres of the Field Artillery, with Infantry. By Col. Irenee Amelot de Lacroix, late Chief of Brigade in the French service. In three volumes, the third volume consisting of plates.

The principal part of this work has been translated from French to English, by Lieut. Col. Macdonald, in the service of his Britannick majesty. Col. de Lacroix has not only availed himself of Macdonald's translation, but has retained the principal theories, with which Col M. has enriched his work, especially his comparison of the French tactics with the Prussian, and the principles of the different nations with the English; because those valuable notes are sufficient for such comparisons, and are in point. Col. De L. has augmented those notes.

The introduction of Col. de Lacroix' works will direct the attention of the young Americans to the study of learned tactics, the result of experience, and enable them to obtain the precision desirable in the warrior, for they must be convinced that a good officer forms a good soldier, and that the experience of ages has demonstrated, that the soldier will perform his duty correctly, when he is well commanded.

At the end of the second volume of this work, Col. De Lacroix has added the manœuvres of the field artillery with the infantry, according to the French principles. It is not necessary to lavish praises on the advantage of moving this thundering arm with the same facility and celerity as the line. Europe is now convinced and confesses it. He has added Plates, which demonstrate those manœuvres so essential to the great operations of war, and which will enable officers to execute them.

Col. de Lacroix has judged it also expedient to add to this book some new adopted manœuvres, which have been put in practice to great advantage in the face of an enemy. To enhance the value of this work is the only motive could induce him to augment its size.

June 9.

LIBBY & CARNE

Have received, per Captain Hand,
A QUANTITY of grass & grain scythes, scythe stones, looking glasses & spades—By other conveyances, Dutch scythes, straw knives, bar lead and window glass in boxes 8 by 10, tin plate in boxes, and a general assortment of castings.—They are in daily expectation of receiving a general and extensive assortment of hardware, cutlery and saddlery from England—they have arrived in this country.

They have as usual, bar, hoop and sheet iron, nail rods, gunpowder, shot, blistered and Crowley steel, cut nails, wrought ditto and spikes, wool and cotton cards, Morocco skins of various colors.

June 22.

NOTICE.

On SATURDAY, the 30th day of June, instant, will be exposed to sale, at the Coffee House in Alexandria, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock, for approved endorsed notes at 60 and 90 days—

A two story *Brick House and LOT*, situate, lying and being upon the south side of Prince street and to the westward of Union street, and bounded as followeth, to wit:—Beginning upon Prince street at the north west corner of a piece of ground granted by George Gilpin to Michael Madden, 91 feet to the westward of Union street, and running thence westwardly with Prince street & binding thereupon 24 feet, thence southwardly with a line parallel to Water street 44 feet 4 inches, thence eastwardly with a line parallel to Prince street 20 feet, thence with a straight line to the beginning 20 feet—which piece of ground was sold and conveyed by John Roberts, James Lawrason, and Philip G. Marsteller unto Abel Willis, and is the premises now in occupation of said Willis, conveyed by said Willis to Daniel M'Clean, in trust for certain purposes therein named.

DANIEL M'CLEAN, *Trustee.*

June 7. d3w

JUST RECEIVED,

8 pipes Northern Gin, first quality.
40 barrels *Russeting* Apples.
For sale by
John G. Ladd.

May 15

☞ Intending to leave this place in a short time for Philadelphia, all persons having claims against me are requested to bring them in for settlement; and those who are indebted to me will please to call and settle their accounts.

Jesse Talbott.

6th mo. 13th.

The Subscriber having purchased the stock of Jesse Talbott, offers for sale, at his shop on Fairfax street, near the corner of King street, a general assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES, &c. which he can *recommend for their purity.* A share of the patronage of his friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

Richard H. Litle.

6th mo. 21st.

Orders from the country will be executed on *moderate terms, and at a short notice.* Physicians and family prescriptions put up *with accuracy.*

R. H. L.

THOMAS RICHARDS,

Begs leave to inform his friends and the Public,
THAT he continues to carry on the Tavern, at the sign of Mr. Madison, corner of King and Henry streets, where he will be constantly supplied with the best wines and liquors of every description.

A few boarders will be taken on moderate terms, and will be thankful to those who may please to favor him with their custom.

June 18.

Twenty Dollars *Reward.*

ABSCONDED from my farm at the mouth of Seneca, about the 7th of last month, a man whose name is RALPH, 31 years of age, between a black and yellow color, nearly 6 feet high, very stout made, yellowish eyes looking heavy—he has but little to say. His apparel was osnaburg shirts, a negro cotton overjacket and trowsers. It is likely he has made away with them and procured other cloathing. A free negro man by name Sambo, living on Judge Washington's estate, Mount Vernon, is his father, and it is very probable he is thereabout or in Alexandria, and with little trouble may be found.

The above reward will be given to secure him in Washington City or Alexandria jail.

Thomas Peter.

Georgetown, June 10—12. d.

☞ Madder.

JUST Received, a few hundred pounds of th first quality MADDER—And for sale by

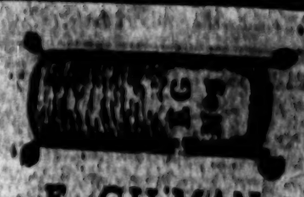
BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.

May 10.

For Rent,

A CONVENIENT two story frame *Dwelling House*, situate on Cameron stree between St. Asaph and Pitt streets. Apply to

John G. Ladd.



E. GILMAN,

Has just received from Charleston,
38 Bales Cotton (real Merino,)
57 Tierces new Rice.
25 Bales Carolina Ground Nuts.
AND FROM NEW YORK,
A handsome assortment of Ladies Morocco Shoes.

IN STORE:
5 Barrels India Allum—a variety of soldiers' excellent cut tacks, Trunks & Shoes.

June 22. d3t inv

☞ *Sail Cloth.*

Just received and for Sale,
32 bolts of first quality Russia and Ravens DUCK.

ON HAND,
A few bolts heavy Ravens Duck.

ALSO,
Several barrels good retailing SUGARS.

G. Coleman.

June 22

Having a desire to decline the business of Store Keeping at Occoquan, we wish to dispose of the present small Stock of

GOODS

on hand, to a person who would be willing and more able to keep a store well assorted than ourselves, and who would do business on a scale sufficiently extensive for their interest, and to do justice to so valuable a situation.

We will also Sell or Rent,

that valuable and convenient Brick Store-House and Wharf we at present occupy, being calculated for a store and counting room upon the first floor, and for a family upon the second floor, with an excellent dry cellar under the whole building, together with a brick kitchen adjoining. This stand has probably been equal to any in Virginia for the sale of both Dry Goods and Groceries; and if the present growing crops of grain should be realized equal to its present appearances, there is no doubt but this stand will be equal to former times, as we propose to keep up a constant cash market for wheat, and will probably buy 70 to 80,000 bushels.

Ellicot, Campbell & Wheeler.

Occoquan, June 22. d

Valuable Farm for Sale.

I WILL sell the TRACT OF LAND on which I resided the last year, called "*Buzzard's Island,*" lying on Patuxent river, in Calvert county and nearly opposite to Benedict; containing by estimation seven hundred three and one quarter acres of as fertile land as can be found in the state of Maryland, one third of which is in wood and very heavily timbered, and as well watered for the convenience of stock as any tract of its size in the state.

The arable part of this plantation is level and most of it covered with oyster-shells and is divided into three fields each of which will produce two hundred barrels of corn, with a reserve of prime Tobacco land sufficient to grow fifty hogsheads of Tobacco annually, and with very little labor more meadow may be reclaimed than will be found sufficient—No land can be better adapted to the growth of corn, tobacco and wheat, and few plantations hold out stronger inducements to stimulate an industrious man. It binds for a considerable distance on the river and lies nearly in a square.

Fish, oysters and wild fowl, are to be had at all times: Stock of every description, particularly sheep, thrives and improves wonderfully when removed to this land: a convincing proof of the nutricious quality of the grass which it produces in great abundance. The improvements are sufficient to accommodate a small family. A more particular description is not necessary, as a purchaser will naturally view the premises. The above estate is now under a tenement of one thousand dollars per annum. Terms accommodating, and made known by application to *Walter W. Harwood,* merchant, Upper Marlbro' Prince Geoge County, or to the subscriber now in Alexandria.

Richard W. Harwood.

June 22. d1sc3

☞ Printing in all its branches, neatly executed at this office.

Alexandria Daily Gazette,

COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

SAMUEL SNOWDEN,

Royal-street, Alexandria.

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Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

MONDAY, JUNE 25.

Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	per	D.	C.	D	C.
Coffee,	lb.		22		24
Duck, Russia	bolt.	30		35	
Ravens		17		19	
Fruit, Raisins	keg	8		8	50
	box	3	50	4	
Indigo, Spanish (flot.)	lb.	2	25	2	50
Molasses,	gal.		50		53
Salt, coarse	bus.		45		55
fine			50		60
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	6		7	
Pepper			24		28
Piemento			26		28
Spirits Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	2		2	10
Gin, Holland		1	80	2	
Rum, Jamaica 4th		1		1	10
Antigua 3d			90	1	
Windward 2d & 3d			85		90
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	10		11	50
2d & 3d		8		10	
Teas, Imperial	lb.	1	45	1	50
Hyson			90	1	
Young Hyson			95	1	
Hyson Skin			65		70
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2		2	50
Port		1	75	2	
Lisbon		1	45	1	50
Malaga		1		1	10

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	per	D.	C.	D.	C.
Bacon	lb.		9		10
Beef Mess	bbl.	12			
—— Prime		12			
Bread, Crackers	100	6			
—— Pilot	lb.	6	50		
—— Ship		3	50		
Candles, Mould	lb.		19		21
—— Dipt			17		18
Cheese			8		12
Cotton, Upland			17		19
Fish, Mackarel	bbl.	7	50	8	
—— Shad		7	50	8	
—— Herrings		4	25	4	75
Flour, superfine		7	92		
Grain, Wheat	bus.	1	40	1	50
—— Corn			75		78
—— Flaxseed			75		80
Glass, Window 8 by 10	box	13		16	
Gunpowder, Keg	25l.	14		16	
Hemp	cwt.	15		16	
Iron, Barr	ton	120		125	
Pork, Mess	bbl.	18			
—— Prime		15			
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.		65		70
—— Whiskey			70		75
Sugar, New-Orleans	100 lbs.	11		12	
—— Loaf	lb.		20		21
—— Lump			19		20
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	4	50	5	
—— Potomac		2	50	3	50

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank,	none in market.
Potomac do.	102
Marine Insurance	par
Washington Bridge	par
Little River Turnpike	uncertain
Washington and Alexandria do.	par
Exchange on London,	par

☞ Two elegant *Eight-day Clocks*, just received,

And for sale by

Anthony P. Gover.

6th mo. 14th. law3w

☞ *Notice.*

NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber has taken out *Letters of Administration*, in the County Court of Fairfax, on the estate of *Obediah Garnett*, deceased: All persons having claims against the said estate, either as creditors or distributees thereof, are requested to make them known to the subscriber, living near the Great Falls of Potomac.

John S. Cartwright,

Adm'r of O. Garnett, dec'd.

May 29. 2aw3t*

FOR SALE,

The HOUSES and LOTS at the corner of Duke and Royal streets, late the property of *Elisha Janney*. Also, a half acre LOT at the corner of Cameron and Henry streets, and the MILL SEAT at Occoquan—on very liberal terms.

Richard M. Scott, *Trustee.*

For creditors of E. Ja.

May 25. 2aw

BRIDGETOWN, (Barbadoes) *May 19.*

"The liberties and independence of Spain, like those of all the other continental powers, expired in Europe at the feet of the French ruler, seem to have received an impetus in South America, effected from the misfortunes of the mother country, that promises a noble and high spirited effort to save itself from the general wreck of subjugation, and to give to the Mexicans and Peruvians, and to the whole of the vast continent of Spanish America, those national rights and independence hitherto unknown to them either in liberty or commerce. In this great effort, as it has manifested itself in our most immediate neighborhood, along the coasts of Cumana, Barcelona, Caracas, and the whole of New Andalusia and Venezola, a spirit of patriotism and loyalty has controlled those calamities which too often subvert the first dawn of freedom, and mark an allegiance to their legitimate sovereign, worthy of the independence they are aiming at establishing; and which it were well that the British government have the grace and the glory of supporting them in; and not merely content themselves that, as Bonaparte by a most insignificant piece of policy has declared, if they wish for a noble independence, *they shall not be opposed.*

A change of government, embracing the principles of that which first succeeded in Spain on the seizure of the monarch and the invasion of the country by the myrmidons of Bonaparte, has taken place thro' the whole of these provinces—a supreme junta being established at Caracas. The whole change was effected in the most tranquil manner, and conducted with the greatest order, although almost instantaneous. A Spanish packet arrived at La Guira on the 22d April, direct from Cadiz, with information of the events that have lately so completely thrown the whole of Spain (except that single point) into the power of the French, the captain general of Caracas with the intendant general of finance, and the superintendant of the ordnance, being suspected of giving connivance to the projects of Bonaparte apprehended in that country, were immediately seized, and with two or three other persons of inferior note, compelled to leave the province—being permitted, however, to proceed to any country they wished. At Caracas a supreme junta was formed, and delegates were sent off to Barcelona, Cumana, and Augustura, inviting them to unite in establishing an independent government, and to form provincial juntas under the authority of that at Caracas, as the head or central government.—These proposals were received and adopted with avidity in every province; and at Cumana, copying every sentiment and feeling of the supreme junta, the following proclamation was issued on the 28th ultimo, in strict conformity to the one issued at Caracas on the 23d:—

"The Supreme governing Junta established in this capital, in the name of his majesty el Signor Don Fernando the VII. whom God preserve:

"To the inhabitants of this city, and of the provinces of New Andalusia & New Barcelona.

"Cumanese, Barcelonians, and citizens inhabitants of places belonging to the provinces of New Andalusia and Barcelona—Loyal and beloved countrymen! The origin of the causes that have given rise to the formation of the new government which has been just established, attend to them, in order that if there be some amongst you, who, entertaining a doubt of the existence of such weighty occurrences, should with little reflection disapprove its plan; or with too much apprehension deem it impracticable; or, for want of experience, believe the respectable members who compose it to have acted without sufficient authority—they may advert to facts of which the whole world is and has been witness; and laying aside their fears, cherish the hope and confidence that fraternal union, and other social virtues which constitute the basis of the structure of our present security, may render our names immortal, and transmit to our children that security and happiness, which we trust to enjoy.

"The state of confusion in which Spain has been involved by the loss of legitimate head, has some time since been proclaimed and made known to you by your beloved sovereign, signor Don Fernando the VIIth: you are already acquainted with the calamities brought on by the perfidy of that wicked Godoy, in conjunction with the emperor of the French, whose ferocious designs were seconded by other wicked men, who left no means untried to accomplish the ruin of their country: finally, you are not ignorant that the central governing Junta of the kingdom of Spain, created in the name of our lord Fernando VII. has been dissolved either by its own act, by the invasion of the enemy, or what is more probable, by that unhappy spirit of corruption originating from ulterior designs.

"Under these circumstances, how is it possible to preserve the people without a head to watch over them? The provinces of South America have begun to deliberate on the mode of establishing some form of government suited to guard them in all cases against the disorders of anarchy, and the invasion of the tyrant: some of them have already established legitimate assemblies, by means of that authority with which the people invest sovereigns with power leaving nevertheless in the hands of the Cabildos their usual faculty of administering justice in all cases, particularly in the present emergency.

"Although you may have heard that the first existing authorities have been dismissed, yet the proceedings were neither violent nor tumultuous, and you will find that others have been appointed to fill their places; the government has not, therefore, been subverted, but the former administration only have been displaced.

"This prudent and necessary determination has been communicated by the wise Junta of the Caraccas to the illustrious council of this city, and not to the governor, colonel Don Eusebio Ebendero; giving us thereby to understand that his power has ceased, and indicated the necessity of uniting in the work of public happiness, and doing every thing in our power to accomplish this great object.

"The council, not less wise, and actuated by the same impulse which operates on the minds of this faithful people, has invited to its meeting at the town hall the principal persons of this city, in order to deliberate on the expediency of following this example; and it has passed an act, appointing, with the unanimous consent and in behalf of the people, the following signors as members of the provincial government.

"Don Francisco Xavier Maiz, alcaide of the first election, president.

Don Francisco Villa, of the second, vice-president.

Don Joseph Ramirez, Don Geronomo Martinez, Don Francisco Sanchez, Don Jose Alcala, Don Manuel Millan, Domingo Alaiz, Don Jose Santos,

Dr. Don Mariano Cova, for the public affairs.

Don Andres Calleason, for finances.

Captain Don Juan de Flores, for the militia.

Don Juan Bermudos, for public works.

Don Juan Manuel Forada, for commerce.

Don Pedro Mezia, for the colored people.

Don Juan Martinez, assessor of taxes.

Don Diego de Vallenilla, secretary.

"This assembly, however, in assuming the authority recently vested in signor col. Don Eusebio Ezendero, desire to express their thanks and gratitude for that signor's praise-worthy communications, as well as for his readiness in voluntarily surrendering the power which he held.

"We may now venture to call ourselves a *free people*, and entertain a hope, that this city has the power of maintaining its independence under any circumstance whatever; we now have the pleasure of commencing to bring into action those hidden means of happiness which our country possesses; and we trust, with our own resources, to succeed in establishing reciprocal harmony, and in maintaining ourselves in union and peace with other nations. By looking up for protection to that provincial government appointed to represent you, and in which you are to participate, you will reap the fruits of its organization, and ensure your own happiness and that of your children.

"The useful labors of the Junta; the mild measures which it proposes to adopt, and which are inseparable from its administration; the unremitting care with which it will watch over the concerns of the several districts within its jurisdiction; shall be manifested, not by words but by actions. Do not judge lightly of events, which at first sight may appear unaccountable; refrain from censuring too hastily those measures which the government deem expedient to adopt, although they may appear to some not calculated for the public good. Do not above all things, indulge in opinions unfavorable to the character or capacity of the members of the government; but let each of you bear a part and assist in supporting a burthen complying with the holy precepts of our Lord Jesus Christ, maintaining the rights of society and the sacred obligations imposed on us by Providence, and rewarding each individual according to his merit.

"With a view to the preservation of that union and harmony so necessary to the maintenance of good order and tranquility, we advise and recommend to all and every one of the judges either ecclesiastical or secular, and to the wealthy inhabitants of the country, to cling round us with zeal, patriotism, and affection, and to do their utmost to support our good intentions with money, vigilance, and loyalty, by deputing representatives from each town or community, furnished with such instructions as they shall deem advisable to secure the permanency of the new government, it being well understood that we have no other object in view but the preservation of the throne for Fernando the VII. the happiness of the country, the triumph of religion with her neighbors, and the confusion and overthrow of tyranny."

The whole of these provinces are stated to be even beyond description hostile to the French, and to be anxiously desirous of conciliating and strengthening a friendship and alliance with England. It is indeed to the British nation that they look for encouragement and support in their new government; they ask it of you, and offer us all their friendship. On this mission, a Spanish officer has arrived here with despatches for our naval and military commanders, the precise nature of which although we do not learn, yet we understand, for assistance and protection. Lieutenant Wennett of the Spanish Colombian army, an official messenger from the Junta of Cumana, arrived here on Wednesday last, in his majesty's schooner Subtle; and yesterday the Wellington brig of war was dispatched by sir A. Cochrane to Laguira which of itself augurs favorably of the reception of the despatches besides that of the bearer of them having been most courteously received by the admiral.

BOSTON, *June 18.*

Lisbon Accounts.—Lisbon papers as late as the 28th of April, have been received at this office, but contain no positive intelligence of great importance. Cadiz still remained secure; the governor of that city however, considering that the population had increased to a three fold augmentation, so that a greater quantity of provisions than could be spared was consumed; and supposing that in the summer months, such numbers condensed into a small space would generate malignant distempers, has determined that the inhabitants not actually in military service or belonging to the city, shall depart for the many free provinces which remain in the possession of the Spaniards. The kingdoms of Gallicia, Valencia and Murcia; the greater part of Asturias and Catalonia; part of the provinces of Estramadura and Caduca; the Islands Makhorca, Minorca all the Canaries, Ceuta, and the whole kingdom of Portugal.

No intelligence of importance from the frontier of Portugal had been received.—The Spaniards avoided pitch battles, and by pursuing a system of partizan warfare, greatly wearied and perplexed the enemy.

Napoleon has given his troops in Spain to understand, that they can expect no pay from France, but must obtain their recompence and subsistence from Spanish contributions. The city of Salamanca has been compelled to furnish 20,000 beds, for the French hospitals; and great numbers of soldiers were dying every day.

The head-quarters of Regnier were at Merida. The troops of Ballesteros occupied Aracena and Valverde del Camino; but afterwards retired on the approach of the French. A skirmish ensued and the French again retired. An advanced guard of the enemy entered Talavera la Real—and another in Mantigo; but the former were obliged to retire to Merida, where the French head quarters were established.

PHILADELPHIA, *June 18.*

Extract of a letter dated Lisbon, May 4.

Our political situation is as yet the same. The French are every where on our frontiers. The English have left their head quarters at Cindad Rodrigo, and it is expected an action of importance will soon take place. We are still under no apprehensions. There is yet much to be conquered of Spain; and I expect they will not think of advancing against this country, until that kingdom is entirely subdued. Cadiz may hold out for a considerable time; it is well provided and defended by numerous troops. The French have taken but one fort, Matagorda, which cost them very dear.

"The exportation of wine has just been prohibited, in consequence of its scarcity throughout the kingdom."

A MILLER WANTED.

AFTER the 1st day of August, I shall be in want of a MILLER to attend a country mill; to a person of good character, and none other need apply, liberal wages will be given.

N. Ellicott.

Occoquan, May 30. colst A

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, JUNE 25.

What has become of "our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honors' resolutions, all mute as fish? No burning of gin upon Gallows Hill, no town or county meetings, no threats of tar and feathers—the whole stupendous robbery of Bonaparte has not created so great a sensation, as the pitiful affair of Captain Stanley at Charleston; but so we go on—there is still one comfort left, that is, when things get to the worst any change must be for the better, and if at last we should chance to get out of the scrape with our independence preserved, we may well exclaim with Falstaff, "honor comes unlooked for and there's an end on it."

The latest accounts from Old Spain appear to be rather flattering than otherwise to every real philanthropist. They represent the forces of the Patriots as increasing, in high spirits, and determined as ever in their opposition to their ungrateful visitors.

When we look at the impetuosity with which Bonaparte has ever overthrown his opponents and concluded his campaigns, we cannot but view this protracted war as an auspicious omen; as the last expiring hope of the continent, which shall never be suffered entirely to extinguish, but whose holy enthusiasm shall be rekindled, even to the breaking the bow of the tyrant, and to the restoration of the neighboring powers to their natural equilibrium.

"There is a *tide* in the affairs of men;" N. Apollyon has received largely the *ingression* of his r he has been pampered so sumptuously in the lap of fortune, that he now believes himself entitled by birthright to her uninterrupted favors.

He has done all by his crimes that has ever proved the destruction of ancient principalities. With the treachery of Joab, he has taken his brother by the beard, with his right hand to kiss him, while with his left, he has plunged his sword to his heart; with the arrogance of Nebuchadnezzar, his communications are, "the might of my power and the glory of my majesty;" and with the impiety of Belshazzar, has he laid unhallowed hands on the consecrated vessels of gold and silver, and converted them to his own use. If, therefore *mene tekel* be not in due time written on *his* wall also; it will be a solitary instance of so eminent a villain, mouthing the Heavens with impunity!

MR. SNOWDEN,

I have seen in your paper of the 19th inst. some remarks, under the signature of "*Watchman*," recommending Occoquan as a proper place for establishing a Cotton Manufactory, in which it is stated that the Mill Seat lately the property of Elisha Janney, is entitled to only one sixth of the water of Occoquan, which might be deemed insufficient for extensive water works. The writer of the article (who is unknown to me) I am sure was actuated by the purest motives in recommending Elisha Janney's late seat; but by some mistake or other he has mistated the quantity of water, which is two seventhe, instead of "one sixth," to which the seat is entitled. This I am authorised to state, as a fact taken from the title paper now before me.

A SUBSCRIBER.

In Mr. Armstrong's letter to Mr. Madison of the 22d of February, 1808, lately published for the first time, we observe that he refers to his public despatches of the 17th of the same month as containing the same unfavorable intelligence in regard to the then existing disposition and conduct of the French government towards the United States. Upon looking at the documents communicated to Congress at the opening of the session in 1808, we find seven lines only of that important public despatch introduced under the title of *Extract*—and these relate only to the sale of part of the cargo of the James Adams. It really appears to us very little if at all short of an impeachable offence in the administration to suppress public information of such importance, at the same time continually holding out the idea of a speedy adjustment of all differences with France, thereby encouraging the merchants to send their property to what the government knew to be certain destruction.—*U. S. Gaz.*

We are indebted (says the V. Patriot) *to a friend for the following extracts of a letter from a respectable House in London, lately received, and dated the 24th and 30th April, 1810.*

"If the intercourse had remained open between this country and America, the price of tobacco would before this have been 3d and 4d. It was impossible for any one to have foreseen the political events that have taken place, and if they could, there was no reason to expect high prices for tobacco.

"The great prices resulted from mad speculation, under an impression that war would ensue, and not from the non-intercourse laws. Suppose for a moment the non-intercourse laws were to continue forever, no man in his senses could imagine the prices of tobacco would be above 7d to 8d per lb. because at these prices it could be brought here circuitously with all extra charges on it.

"There is another disagreeable circumstance with regard to insurance. The premium one day is often 40 to 50 per cent. higher than another according to caprice or rumors of captures."

"30th. Markets for tobacco are low and languid—prices at present are quoted for tobacco 4d to 8d—*nominal*, cotton 14d to 18d. Flour 48 to 60s but only sales for the best super fresh sorts, and only now and then a hhd. or two of tobacco can be sold for immediate use. When all your restrictions are removed, and those in Europe continue, prices of all your products will be very low and particularly tobacco, because nearly all must come here, and here there is not consumption for one fifth of your quantity—Nearly all the continental ports are shut, to the exclusion of this country. With your belief then, that the non-intercourse will be removed before your Congress rises, you have acted very discreetly in determining not to meddle with tobacco, and indeed in any event it would be unsafe to speculate in this article at almost any reduced price, for I am confident that a vast deal will not pay charges. Great changes, however, may take place on the Continent, and give a new turn to things. But in the midst of so much uncertainty no prudent man will risk much."

Extract from "a gentleman in Holstein, to another in Baltimore, dated Tonningen, April 20.

"The insecurity of American property here as well as the depression of prices every day greater, owing to the number of ships originally destined for this port, and those bound to St. Sebastians, warned off, the greater part of which must come here, afford a melancholy prospect indeed—and I cannot too much discourage any adventures for this market at present. The only exportation now permitted from this place, is by way of Kiel; and even there, it is said, the mouth of the harbor is blockaded by French privateers."

Extract of a letter to the Editors of the N. Y. Mercantile Advertiser, from a Gentleman at Washington, dated June 15.

"Observing it to be stated in various public prints, that there is a probability, or intention, of calling Congress, I can assure you that no such intention exists; that, on the contrary, there is almost a certainty, should nothing further occur, that Congress will not convene before the constitutional period

"The two Spanish gentlemen Don Juan V. Velibar and Don Joseph Yvern, said to be charged with communications from Caracas to this government, left the city this morning for Philadelphia, where they will reside for the present. They were it is understood, clothed with no official character; and, no government having been constituted there, could bring with them no letters of credence. They were treated with the greatest politeness by the officers of our government, but could not be received in any official character, being charged with no accredited public character from the provinces which they represented."

"Supposing the above may be of some use to you, accept it as information which may be fully relied on."

"Boston, June 19.

"Arrived schr. Resolution, Bates, 31 days from Plymouth—brings London papers to May 11, but they are barren of important news. It appears that John P. Morier is appointed to be H. B. M. secretary of legation to the U. S. That troops were incessantly passing through Bayonne for Spain. Between 30 and 40,000 men were on their march for that country. That Napoleon and his wife were at Dunkirk on the 10th of May, where there was much rejoicing. That king Lewis had left Amsterdam on the 4th of May to meet his brother. That letters from Malaga of the 18th of April, state, that the French had evacuated that place. That the ship Ticoner had arrived in six days from Lisbon, on the 13th of May, having left that place on the ninth. Lord Wellington had advanced to the frontiers, and a rumor prevailed that his intention was, to push on to Salamanca, where a great part of the French army was stationed: the Portuguese force consisted of 40,000 men—that there had been an attempt to rescue Ferdinand the 7th, which had excited considerable disturbances in Sweden, by the party allied to the late king. That the English expedition for the Baltic had sailed. That letters from Hamburg of the 7th of May, mentioned the resignation of count Bernstorff, prime minister to Copenhagen, in consequence of his majesty's adherence to the continental system."

Another letter from Boston says, the accounts per the schooner Resolution, are, from Cadiz to May 2, which state, that on the 22d of April, the British and Spanish troops evacuated the important Fort of Matagorda, in consequence of its becoming untenable from the formidable attacks of the French. The possession of this fort by the French has given them a great advantage in prosecuting their operations against Cadiz. They had discharged red-hot shot at the British ships, and obliged them to change their positions.

AVARICE.

"O Avarice, thou root accurst!
Insatiate dropsey of the soul,
Will nothing quench thy sordid thirst?
Were the sea gold, would'st drink the whole?

Lo, PITY pleads—What then?—*There's none!*
The WIDOW kneels for bread!—*Begone!*
Hark in thine ears the ORPHAN's cry;
They die of famine!—*Let them die!*

Oh, scene of woe, heart rending sight!
Can'st thou turn from them? *Yes! behold!*
From all those heaps of hoarded gold
Not one, one piece to save them? *Not a mite!*

Pitiless wretch, such shall thy sentence be
At the last day, when MERCY turns from thee!"

AN ACT

Concerning Weights and Measures.

SEC. *BE it enacted by the Common Council of Alexandria, and it is hereby enacted*, That if any person or persons shall refuse to shew the Clerk of the Market their weights or measures on demand whenever he shall call to examine the same; or if any person or persons shall in any way obstruct the said Clerk of the Market in examination of the weights and measures within the limits of the town of Alexandria, the said person so refusing or obstructing the said Clerk of the Market in his duty of examining the weights and measures, they their aiders or abettors, or any other person or persons accessory in aiding or abeting such obstruction or refusal, such principals, accessories, aiders or abettors shall respectively be fined each and either of them in a sum not exceeding twenty dollars, respectively—to be recovered before the Mayor, by warrant, upon the information, on oath or affirmation of the Clerk of the Market for the time being; which fine or fines shall go to the use of the Common Council in aid of the taxes. This act to be in force from and after the passing thereof.

Passed in Common Council June 19, 1810.

Joseph Dean, *President*
of the Common Council.

Examined and approved this 22d day of June, 1810.

William Herbert, *Mayor.*

Attest,
ADAM LYNN, C. C.

THEATRICAL TOURIST.

[illegible]

Elegant Wire-Work [illegible]

After which will be performed by a pupil of the noted Don Carlos, a number of astonishing feats on the

SLACK WIRE,

New and different from any ever performed,

With a variety of

Balancing, Tumbling, Leaping, &c.

Three Pieces of *Elegant Music* will be performed by a masterly hand on the Violin.

The Exhibition to conclude with a beautiful representation of

Commodore Preble before Tripoli;

And a handsome view of the

Bashaw's Castle, &c.

The doors to open at half past 7 o'clock, and the performance to commence at eight.

Good Music.—Admittance 50 cents; children half price.

Public Sale.

On Monday the 16th July next, the subscriber will expose to sale at the Court House, on a credit of six and nine months,

A small Tract of Land,

LYING on the east side of the stage road from Alexandria to Colchester, at the place commonly called the "Five Foot Hill," supposed to contain 25 and a half acres—belonging to the estate of William Huskins, deceased.

Mary Huskins, *Executrix.*

June 25 eots

JAMES M. STEUART

Has on hand and offers for sale,

Imperial,
Hyson, imported 9th April, 1810,
Young Hyson, 29th June, 1809,
Hyson Skin
Real Bourdeaux Brandy, by retail
Hollands Gin, a few gallons remaining
Coffee in bags, or by retail, the nice long green grain

TEAS.

ALSO,

Cheese and Bacon, which he can recommend.

Florence Oil in bottles that will hold a half pint more than the generality of French salad oil imported into this country.

☞ An assortment of GROCERIES, by retail will always be found in his store.

June 25.

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, June Term, 1810.

Ordered, that the administrator of Wm. I. Hall, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for four weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test,

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Jaffria Hall, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day of December next; or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 5th day of June, 1810.

James Sanderson, Adm'r.

Coach-making, in all its various Branches.

E. P. TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the *Coach-making Business* in all its various branches, at the shop in Fairfax-street, formerly occupied by *Hall* and *Taylor*, where all orders in his line of business will be strictly attended to.

From an establishment of three years in the above line of business he is able to say, as a proof of his workmanship, he has many vouchers.

Gentlemen who may please to favor him with their orders for Carriages of any kind or description, may depend on having their work executed with neatness and strength.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages and Harnesses made and repaired with neatness and dispatch.

FOR SALE,

A second hand Coachee with Harness.

TO RENT,

A convenient STORE and DWELLING, on Fairfax-street, lately occupied by Messrs. [illegible]. Apply to

Jacob Butts.

GENUINE MEDICINES.

THE LATE RICHARD LEE, ESQ. OF N. YORK.

As prepared from the original receipt in possession of the Subscriber, his widow, by whom they are prepared and without whose signature none are genuine.

Obstinate Coughs, Colds, Asthmas, &c.

Are immediately relieved and speedily cured by the use of

HAMILTON'S ELIXER FOR COUGHS

DEAR bought experience has taught thousands that oily and heated medicines, joined with strong opiates or sleepy drugs, repeated doses of which flatter and deceive the patient for the present, by procuring momentary ease; experience, I say, has taught thousands, that the common opiates and balsamics, as they are called, finally aggravate every disorder of the breast and lungs, in their most distressing symptoms, that they load the stomach and impair the digestion inflame the whole system, increase the difficulty of breathing and excite fever. But the qualities of this valuable discovery are evinced by perfectly opposite effects. A single trial will prove, that it restores the determination of the fluids to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration—that it dislodges and evacuates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humor which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered, the reverse of common medicines, which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with the whopping cough, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief. checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Selected Recommendations.

Being desirous to make public for the good of others, the excellent quality of Hamilton's elixir, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it; which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed with all the horrors of immediate suffocation.—Add so these a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength & flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying he had used it in his practice and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and I found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it & was soon strong to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

George Benner, jun.
no. 11. Budd street, Philadelphia.
Mrs. H. Lee, New York.

Mr. Abijah Henly, Bridge street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir, of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a very severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper. He has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints; and desires to give his public testimony in favor of this invaluable medicine.

Itch Cured,

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment. The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease, against the infection of which no person is safe, that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last ten years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the itch, above every other, are the certainty of the cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant; and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the pleasantest pomatum.

Dr Hamilton's Grand Restorative.

Which the inventor confidently recommends as and invaluable medicine for the speedy relief, and permanent cure of various complaints which spring from disorders, pleasures, irregular indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution, the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any destructive intemperance, the unskilful or frequent use of mercury, the distress peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad layings in, &c.

HAMILTON'S CELEBRATED WORM DESTROYING *LOZENGES.*

Among the symptoms attending Worms are, disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—bad and corrupt gums—itching in the nose, and about the seat—convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes a privation of speech—irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food and sometimes voracious—purging with slimy and fœtid stools—vomiting—a large and hard belly—pains and sickness at the stomach—pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—a dry cough—excessive thirst—sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to *Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges* which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

Hahn's true and Genuine German Corn Plaister,

An infallible remedy for Corns; speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

Genuine Persian Lotion,

The Restorative Powder—for the Teeth and Gums.

Hahn's Genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard,

For Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Swellings, Numbness, &c.

Tooth Ache Drops,

The only remedy yet discovered, which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

The Damask Lip Salve.

Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

☞ Sold only by James Kennedy, sen Bookseller, King Street, Alexandria, who has long been sole agent for the sale of the genuine preparations.

Hannah Lee,

New York, 25th Fe

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

To enlarge and improve
THE
BALTIMORE HOSPITAL.
FIRST CLASS.

		Dolls.	*Dolls*
1	Prize of	25,000 is	25,000
1		15 000	15,000
1		10,000	10,000
2		5,000	10,000
2		2 000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
12		500	6,000
20		200	4,000
52		100	5,200
100		50	5,000
2360		30	70,800
2,556	Prizes amounting to		160,000
5 444	Blanks		
8,000	Tickets at 20 dolls. each,		160,000
Fifteen per cent. discount, leaves for the institution and expences,			24,0000

STATIONARY PRIZES OF THE ABOVE.

	First drawn	*Ticket on the*	
1st day	1,000	9th do	3,000
2d do	500	10th do	500
3d do	500	11th do	500
4th do	500	12th do	2,000
5th do	1,000	13th do	500
6th do	5000	14th do	500
7th do	500	15th do	500
8th do	500	16th do	15,000

The drawing of the above lottery will commence on the first Monday in September next, and will be completed at sixteen drawings.

Whole, Half, Quarters and Eights, of Tickets in the above Lottery.

FOR SALE BY
R. Gray, *King-street.*

Where information as to the fate of all tickets sold by him will be given gratis.

Prize tickets in the Union College Lottery taken in payment for tickets in this lottery.

May 11.

WHISKEY.

I HAVE received for sale 85 barrels WHISKEY, and 20 barrels HERRINGS.

Thomas Cruse.

June 21. d3w

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL BE SOLD at public sale to the highest bidder, for ready money, on the premises, on Tuesday the 17th day of *July next*, a LOT of GROUND, No. 5, in the division of Dashiell's Lot, fronting 24 feet 7 inches on Pitt street, and running back 108 feet 3 inches, to a 15 feet alley, and also bounded on the north by a 15 feet alley; the same having been heretofore struck off to Alexander Baggett, who has failed to comply with the terms of sale, and the lot is now sold to raise the balance due thereon agreeable to the terms of the first sale.

Thomas Swann,
Geo. Deneale, } *Com'rs.*

June 21. dts

New Teas—at reduced Prices.

105 chests, half chests and boxes gunpowder, imperial, hyson, young hyson, and hyson skin Teas, principally of the Sidney's cargo, lately landed and of excellent qualities.

120 barrels Rye Whiskey.
30 barrels & 3 hogsheads N. E. Rum.
40 dozen old Medoc Claret, imported in 1807.
15 quarter casks Malaga Wine.
5 pipes Lisbon and Fayal Wines.
4000 lbs Coffee.
4000 lbs. Loaf and Lump Sugar.
10 hogsheads and 40 barrels first & second quality Muscovado Sugars.
20 bags clean heavy pepper and pimento
2 chests Cassia, & Cassia buds
30 lbs fresh nutmegs
20 boxes, 1 dozen each, bottles best Florence salad oil
120 boxes and half boxes choice 1st and 2d quality Havanna and St. Jago cigars
10 bales Georgia Upland cotton
3 hhds green copperas
1000 lbs glue
500 gallons pickling vinegar
50 demijohns

Which with his usual extensive assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries will be sold on low terms for cash, and to punctual men at a moderate credit, by

Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 21.

PUBLIC SALE.

FOR SALE, at public vendue, on the 20th day of next month, at the premises, on the south side of King-street, near the corner of Fairfax street,

A three story Brick House,

20 feet front and 90 feet back, with the privilege of an alley three feet wide and extending back 64 feet—subject to a ground rent of one thousand pounds of tobacco and cask.

One tenth of the purchase money to be paid in hand, the remainder in three equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale. This property is now in tenure of Jennings and Sangster, and may justly be reckoned among the best stands in Alexandria.

By virtue of a deed of trust from William Hartshorne to the subscribers to secure Jos. Riddle for his endorsment to the Bank of Alexandria.

James Keith,
John C. Herbert.

June 21. dts

Tin Manufactory & Plumming.

Mrs. ELIZABETH M'MUNN

Respectfully informs her friends and the public that she continues to carry on the MANUFACTORY of TIN WARE, in all its various branches, and PLUMMING, at the shop lately occupied by George M'Munn, on Fairfax, between King and Prince streets.

All articles in the above line will be made according to order, at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

She keeps constantly on hand, for Sale, a supply of the various articles of Tin-Ware.

ALSO,

Articles of Sheet Iron manufactured, and Gutters and Pipes for Houses will be furnished at 20 Cents per foot. Apply as above.

June 20. co1st

A MILLER WANTED.

AFTER the 1st day of August, I shall be in want of a MILLER to attend a country mill; to a person of good character, and none other need apply, liberal wages will be given.

N. Ellicott.

Occoquan, May 30. co1st A

☞ TUITION.

THE subscriber continues to teach the *French Language* at his residence corner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and gentlemen will be waited on at their places of abode at such hours as they may appoint Terms of tuition may be known by applying to him.

John Frignet.

N. B. French translated into English the English into French.

April

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Has lately received, for sale, the following

BOOKS:

Adams on the Globes, Cicero Delphinis, Nugent's French Dictionary, pocket editions; Milton's Works, miniature, Episcopal Prayer Books with additional hymns, in plain and gilt bindings, Pocket Bibles Morocco gilt, Plutarch's Lives, Fenelon's Sermons, Cook's Voyages, Fenelon's Pious Reflections for every day in the month, Ellis Rozanberg, Julia De Rubigne, Italian Nun, Sandford and Merton, Cabinet of Momus, Criminal Recorder, Constitutions of the United States, Gleanings on Husbandry, Bowditch's Navigation, Duncan's Dispensatory, Edinburgh do. Jackson's Book-Keeping, Young Man's Companion, Steuben's Military Exercises, Dwight's Geography, Perrin's French Fables, Watts's Logick, Boyle's Voyages, Letters from the Mountains, Roderick Random, Cottagers of Glenburnie, Sterne's Works, &c. &c.

STATIONARY.

Writing, wrapping, printing, letter, bank box, bonnet and drawing Paper.

Blank books of various sizes, ruled & plain.

MUSIC.

For the Piano Forte or Harpsichord.

No. 1 and 2 of six progressive Sonatinos, with violin accompaniments (ad libitum) by Pleyell, Andante, with variations, by do.

Battle of Dunkirk, by Simrock,

Blaise et Babet—overture for four hands, by J Vogel.

8 Duets for 2 flutes or violins, by Pleyell.

SONGS.

The host that fights for liberty. Tell me soldier. The oak of our fathers. The Yorkshire beauty Sweet Emma. Snowy Rose. The home of my heart. Colin and Kate. My love is far away. Oh, then remember me. Sweet is the Vale.

Musical Instruments.

Two elegant patent London made Piano Fortes, with additional keys to C. and Pedal.

One pair French Horns, 4 military drums, 1 elegant C Clarinet, 2 E flat do. 2 B. flat do 2 octave flutes, 1 elegant hautboy, 2 violins of superior quality, a large assortment of common violins, bows, screws and strings for do. Strings for Piano Forte and guittar, German flutes and military fifes, instructions for Piano forte, violin, flute, hautboy, flagelet, clarinet and French horn, &c.

COMBS.

Fashionable tortoise shell Combs, suitable to wear with Madison flat bonnets.

Long crooked, and side do.

Mock and patent do.

Ivory small tooth combs.

Dressing do.

June 20.

Bryan Hampson. & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,

10 hhds. and 50 barrels first quality sugar
29 do. second quality,
10 pipes old London particular Madeira,
2 pipes and 3 tierces London market old
15 quarter casks Malaga WINES,
20 boxes dipt Candles,
2 hhds. old Jamaica Spirits,
1 pipe old Cognac Brandy,
50 barrels New England Rum,
40 do prime Whiskey,
10 chests Imperial,
10 do Young Hyson TEAS, of this years importation,

And selected for family use.

ALSO, the best selected Flour for do.

Just Published and for Sale

At the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cottom & Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette,

—(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS)—

AN
ORATION
ON
THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON:
DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,
BY
ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, ESQ.
ONE OF ITS MEMBERS,
ON THE
22d FEBRUARY, 1810,
AND PUBLISHED BY ITS ORDER.

FOR SALE,

A valuable Negro Fellow,

Accustomed to the Sea. Apply to the Printer.

May 30.

TO RENT,

THAT two story DWELLING HOUSE, occupied by *John Hodgkin.* Possession will be given the first of October.—To comment would be unnecessary, as the stand is so well known.

ALSO FOR SALE,

A small two story BRICK HOUSE, on Pitt street, with a Lot of 45 feet front and 108 feet deep.

If not disposed of at private sale before the 20th day of June, it will, *on that day*, be sold at public sale.

John Wise.